

## Dining Strategies for ADH Programs

## Did you know?

- Many adult day health clients have vision or hearing impairments
- Some clients suffer from dementia and may not recognize foods
- Some clients have physical difficulties that affect eating ability
- Each of these clients may need assistance with meals and snacks

## Strategies to improve food intake at meals/snacks

- Pay close attention during meals to identify any problems
- If physical problem may need special plates or cups will need to work with family, and possibly an occupational therapist
- If vision impaired, set up meal and explain location and types of food – may need some physical help with eating
- If a cognitive problem may not recognize food or may be easily over whelmed
  - Serve one or two foods at a time\*
  - Serve smaller portions of foods\*
  - $\,\circ\,$  Sit with client and assist with eating
  - Limit noise and distractions during meals
  - Allow extra time to eat
  - Provide gentle reminders to eat
  - Don't assume they are done if they stop eating
  - $\circ~$  Use a plate with color instead of a white plate
  - $\,\circ\,$  Provide foods that can be eaten with hands if they do better with this– make a sandwich out of the meal
    - Example meatloaf can become a meatloaf sandwich
  - \*May need a medical statement if participating in CACFP